

Forklift 1 OSHA Forklift Safety Trainer Written Test

Name _____ Date _____ Score _____

- True False 1. CFR 1910. 178(l) requires forklift operators to be trained prior to operating any forklifts.
- True False 2. OSHA Final Rule effective 12/1/99 states new training requirements for operators and trainers.
- True False 3. OSHA never refers to 'forklifts' as 'powered industrial trucks' 'PIT' or just 'trucks'.
- True False 4. Forklift Safety Trainers should be certified Forklift Operators first on all types of forklifts.
- True False 5. Training considers the equipment used and site hazards, but not the operators' prior knowledge and skills.
- True False 6. ITA - the U. S. Industrial Truck Association - divides powered industrial trucks into 7 classes.
- True False 7. OSHA identifies 7 basic industrial groups for forklift safety regulatory purposes.
- True False 8. These groups include general medicine, maritime, marine, longshoring and construction.
- True False 9. Retraining is required after bad evaluation, accidents, near misses, operator observed to be unsafe.
- True False 10. Retraining is required after changes in workplace, assignment to different type of truck or two years.
- True False 11. Trainers shall have the knowledge, training and experience to train operators and evaluate their IQ.
- True False 12. Training consists of formal instruction, practical training and evaluation of operator's office performance.
- True False 13. Formal Instruction is lecture, discussion, interactive computer learning, video tape and obstacle course.
- True False 14. Practical training is lectures given by trainer and written notes taken by trainee.
- True False 15. Training program content: PIT operator training does not cover trucks and workplace topics.
- True False 16. Truck related topics include differences between forklifts and automobiles.
- True False 17. Also instrumentation, steering, visibility, capacity, stability, inspection, maintenance and fueling.
- True False 18. Workplace-related topics include surface conditions, composition of loads, stacking and unstacking.
- True False 19. Also pedestrians, narrow aisles, restricted places, hazards, ramps and poor ventilation.
- True False 20. Employers may add to or exclude irrelevant topics but bear the burden of proof if they do.
- True False 21. Duplicative training is not required where evaluation indicates the operator is competent.
- True False 22. CFR 1910. 178(q) requires forklifts to be examined after the end of every shift.
- True False 23. Forklift operator training is similar to automobile driver training in requiring both written and drivers tests.
- True False 24. The OSHA safety code does not cover handling fuels such as LPG, diesel or industrial batteries.
- True False 25. Site hazards include high storage, docks, dark areas, intersections, pedestrians, and uneven loads.
- True False 26. Pressure to 'hurry-up', poor forklift maintenance, or lack of proper training should not cause hazards.
- True False 27. Oil spills, water, corrosives, explosive atmosphere, lifting or straightening by hand are not hazards.
- True False 28. Forklift tip-over, collision or operator hit by material usually result in minor injuries only.
- True False 29. Driving with obstructed view or elevated load is OK over short distances and level surfaces.
- True False 30. A good objective of forklift safety training is zero accidents and injuries for all personnel.
- True False 31. Safety must be a company policy and procedure enforced from the top management down.
- True False 32. Forklift safety includes study, practice, evaluation, attitude, supervision and record-keeping.
- True False 33. It is required by OSHA that employers prepare a certification for operators passing safety training.
- True False 34. OSHA Safety Trainers are chosen by employers and may be employees or third-party contractors.
- True False 35. Operator training usually takes 6 - 8 hours for formal classroom instruction testing, grading and review.
- True False 36. Practical Training means hands-on forklift training and operator evaluation, drivers test or obstacle course.
- True False 37. Safety trainers should avoid an interactive environment where students are asked what they think.
- True False 38. Having students exchange written tests for grading saves time but leads to cheating.
- True False 39. OSHA inspections are not based on industry risk, complaints, deaths, accidents and random selection.
- True False 40. OSHA does not require a site hazard assessment to be performed at facilities using forklifts.
- True False 41. Final Rule Appendix, which discusses forklift center of gravity and stability etc. , is mandatory.
- True False 42. A forklift capacity rating should include load center, position of mast and whether attachment used.
- True False 43. The fully derated forklift load capacity should be printed clearly visibly to operator in cab.
- True False 44. OSHA does not specifically require old trucks without seatbelts to be retro-fitted to have them.
- True False 45. Final Rule says on sit-down riders if a load falls, stay in the seat (do not try to jump clear).
- True False 46. Final Rule says on stand-up rider trucks if a load falls, fall backwards out of the way.
- True False 47. OSHA says raising personnel is very hazardous and requires special procedures be followed.
- True False 48. OSHA requires operators to check to floor boards of trailers, boxcars and elevators before driving in.
- True False 49. Operators going up in Order Pickers are safer with full body harness than just seat belt.
- True False 50. OSHA accredits forklift safety trainers who meet their standards and pass their tests.